**CPDM Certified Person**

**Maintenance and Calibration Exam Pool**

**Questions and Answers**

1. The manufacturer’s tolerance of error for the PDM flow rate is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. a. ±10%\*
2. b. ±7.5%
3. c. ±5%
4. d. ±2.5%

2. The K0 number is a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. spring constant

b. oscillation correction factor

c. calibration constant\*

d. atmospheric density correction factor

3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are the two types of leak checks.

a. Cyclone and inlet tubing

b. Case and cyclone

c. Case and sample path\*

d. Mass transducer and cyclone

4. A case leak check must be performed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. after dropping the PDM

b. after reassembly of the case that has been opened\*

c. monthly

d. after removing the mass transducer

5. The flow rate of the PDM must be maintained at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. 2.5 lpm

b. 2.0 lpm

c. 2.2 lpm\*

d. 2.4 lpm

6. The calibrated flow rate of the black orifice (#2) is typically \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. 2.0 lpm

b. 2.2 lpm

c. 1.6 lpm

d. 1.8 lpm\*

7. The calibrated flow rate of the red orifice (#1) is typically \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. 2.0 lpm

b. 2.2 lpm

c. 1.6 lpm

d. 1.8 lpm\*

8. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ leak check must be conducted before the case leak check.

a. sample path\*

b. orifice

c. filter

d. none of the above

9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ weights are used for the K0 audit.

a. Two

b. Three\*

c. Four

d. Five

10. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are required for the flow calibration.

1. A flow meter, tubing adapter (if necessary to connect), and inlet plug
2. A flow meter, tubing adapter (if necessary to connect), and colored orifices\*
3. A flow meter, inlet plug, and colored orifices
4. A flow meter, 7/64-in hex wrench, and tubing adapter (if necessary to connect)

11. A flow audit is require to be conducted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or as necessary.

a. daily

b. weekly

c. monthly\*

d. yearly

12. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are required for a K0 audit.

1. A K0 audit kit, alcohol swab, flat-head screwdriver, and 7/64-inch hex wrench\*
2. A K0 audit kit, canned air, flat-head screwdriver, 7/64-inch hex wrench, and inlet plug
3. A K0 audit kit, flow meter, 7/64-inch hex wrench, and inlet plug
4. A K0 audit kit, alcohol swab, colored orifices, and 7/64 inch hex wrench

13. The computer software that comes with the PDM is called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. ThermoPDM

b. WinPDM\*

c. PDMware

d. SetPDM

14. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are required to perform the flow audit.

a. A flow meter and inlet plug

b. A flow meter and tubing adapter (if necessary to connect)\*

c. A flow meter and colored orifices

d. A flow meter and tubing clamp

15. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are required to conduct the sample path and case leak checks.

a. A filter exchange tool and canned air

b. A case leak check suction cup and colored orifices

c. A case leak check suction cup and sample line plug\*

d. An inlet plug and air flow meter

16. A tilt sensor shall be audited \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or as necessary.

a. daily

b. weekly

c. monthly

d. yearly\*

17. The pump speed should be adjusted during the flow calibration \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. while the red orifice is in\*

b. while the black orifice is in

c. while either the black or red orifice is in

d. before attaching the orifices

18. The inlet plug should be inserted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when conducting a sample path leak check.

a. into the sample line\*

b. into the cyclone plate end of the sample line

c. directly into the cyclone plate

d. into the sample nozzle

19. It is required that the grit pot, sample line, and mass transducer be cleaned \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, after each use or as necessary.

a. monthly

b. daily\*

c. weekly

d. every 6 hours

20. It is required that the sample line is cleaned by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. rinsing with isopropyl alcohol and air drying

b. rinsing with isopropyl alcohol and drying with canned air

c. rinsing with water and air drying

d. flushing with canned air\*

21. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the maximum percent error of the K0 number that is allowed for a K0 audit to be successful.

a. ±10%\*

b. ±5%

c. ±15%

d. ±2.5%

22. The tools/materials needed for general cleaning of the PDM components are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. water and a cotton swab

b. canned air and an alcohol swab\*

c. mild detergent and a micro-fiber cloth

d. canned air and mild detergent

23. After opening the case of the PDM for maintenance, a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ must be performed after reassembly of the case.

a. flow audit

b. K0 audit

c. case leak check\*

d. filter exchange

24. During the K0 Audit, after the final weight is placed, the weights should form a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. square

b. diamond\*

c. triangle

d. circle

25. During a Case Leak Check, the case leak suction cup should be installed on the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. mass transducer

b. cyclone inlet

c. battery compartment vent\*

d. bell housing

26. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ require(s) occasional lubrication.

a. mass transducer O-rings\*

b. grit pot retaining ring

c. inlet tubing gasket

d. TEOM shaft

27. WinPDM will run on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ operating system(s).

a. Mac OS

b. Linux

c. Windows\*

d. all of the above

28. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is needed when lubricating the Mass Transducer O-rings.

a. Silicone compound\*

b. Liquid soap

c. Graphite lubricant

d. Low-viscosity hydrocarbon lubricant

29. When cleaning the mass transducer, canned air must only be directed at the bell-shaped inlet because the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sensor could become damaged.

a. flow rate

b. ambient temperature

c. filter loading pressure\*

d. ambient pressure

30. Before changing out the filter with the Filter Exchange Tool, the tool should be cleaned with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. canned air

b. a soft cloth

c. either a or b\*

d. isopropyl alcohol

31. The first step when opening the PDM case is to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. remove the security screws from the top and front of the PDM\*

b. ensure the PDM is plugged in and charging

c. detach the sample line and cap lamp from the unit

d. remove the mass transducer

32. In the event that you receive the “DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE” message at the end of the PDM’s warm-up period, to accurately diagnose the issue you will need to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. perform a K0 audit
2. run the Instrument Diagnostics using WinPDM\*
3. verify that all cords are correctly attached and that the mass transducer is installed
4. verify that the TEOM filter is correctly installed

33. When replacing the TEOM filter with the filter exchange tool, it is important to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. not touch the filter with your fingers
2. apply pressure to the filter with the back of the filter exchange tool.
3. make use of the filter change notch to prevent damaging the TE post
4. all of the above\*

34. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is a position tested in the Tilt Audit.

a. Display facing up\*

b. Upside down

c. Connector facing up

d. None of the above

35. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the function of the mass transducer.

a. Preventing over accumulation of mass on the filter

b. Measuring the dust deposited on the filter\*

c. Holding the filter in place

d. Preheating the air sample

36. The total filter loading that is regulated by the flow control system is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ inches of Mercury (Hg).

a. various

b. 5

c. 6\*

d. 7

37. As indicated on the front of the PDM charger, the PDM light on the charger is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_when the PDM is “charging.”

a. solid red\*

b. solid green

c. flashing green

d. flashing red

38. As indicated on the front of the PDM charger, the PDM light on the charger is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_when the PDM has a “charge greater than 80%.”

a. solid red

b. solid green\*

c. flashing green

d. flashing red

39. As indicated on the front of the PDM charger, the PDM light on the charger is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when there is an error with the PDM.

a. solid red

b. solid green

c. flashing green

d. flashing red\*

40. TEOM stands for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. Thermo External Oscillating Microbalance

b. Tapered Eternal Oscillating Microbalance

c. Thermo Element Oscillating Microbalance

d. Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance\*

41. The pump speed should be adjusted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. during the Flow Audit

b. during the Flow Calibration\*

c. during the Case Leak Check

d. during the Sample Path Leak Check

42. The level of charge/status of the PDM battery is indicated by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. an LED light located on the front of the charging unit\*

b. the internal clock in the unit

c. the sound of the charger

d. the battery graphic display screen

43. To maintain certification in maintenance and calibration for the CPDM, the certified person must pass an MSHA examination every \_\_\_\_ year(s).

a. two

b. three\*

c. five

d. four

44. A blinking S located in the upper right corner of the PDM’s top panel display indicates \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. an error has voided the sample

b. a status condition has been logged during the sample run\*

c. the PDM is broken

d. a nearby electromagnetic field

45. CPDMs must be checked by a certified person in sampling using the CPDM or in maintenance and calibration for the CPDM within \_\_\_\_\_ hours before the start of the shift on which the device will be used to collect respirable dust samples.

a. 2

b. 3\*

c. 4

d. 5

46. Procedures to assure the operational readiness of a CPDM as recommended by the manufacturer may be performed by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. a certified person in sampling using the CPDM

b. a certified person in maintenance and calibration for the CPDM

c. both a and b\*

d. the person who will be wearing the CPDM

47. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ can perform sampling with a CPDM.

a. Safety personnel

b. A person certified in sampling using the CPDM\*

c. Both a and b

d. None of the above

48. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ can perform maintenance and calibration on a CPDM.

a. Safety personnel

b. A person certified in sampling using the CPDM

c. A person certified in Maintenance and calibration for the CPDM\*

d. Both a and b

49. Maintaining the CPDM according to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ recommendations will ensure that it is maintained as approved under 30 C.F.R. Part 74.

a. MSHA’s

b. NIOSH’s

c. the manufacturer’s\*

d. the District Manager’s

50. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ must be satisfactorily completed to become certified in maintenance and calibration for the CPDM.

a. The MSHA maintenance and calibration course of instruction

b. The MSHA maintenance and calibration exam

c. The manufacturer’s PDM operation course

d. both a. and b.\*

51. The PDM \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ has a separate serial number.

a. pump

b. battery

c. mass transducer\*

d. case

52. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is permitted to perform the daily or after each use cleaning requirements for the PDM.

a. A certified person in maintenance and calibration for the – CPDM

b. Any mine official

c. A certified person in sampling using the – CPDM

d. Both a. and c.\*

53. Cleaning the sample lines as specified by the manufacturer includes cleaning of the sample inlet and is required to be done \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or after each use.

a. annually

b. daily\*

c. monthly

d. none of the above

54. The grit pot is to be cleaned daily or after each use with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. canned air

b. water

c. an alcohol swab

d. both a. and c.\*

55. The cyclone and inlet tubing is required to be cleaned \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or as necessary.

a. monthly\*

b. daily

c. weekly

d. every 6 months

56. When the cyclone is removed for cleaning and reinstalled, a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ check must be performed.

a. case leak

b. PDM leak

c. sample path leak\*

d. all of the above