Hot Work
Training



Objectives

- Understand what Hot Work is
- Understand what Hot Work Permit is
- Understand risks and how to reduce risk potential
- Understand ventilation for Hot Work
- Understand PPE and What Not to Wear
- Understand Fire Watch
- Recognize what is wrong in examples given

What is Hot Work?

- Welding
- Flame Cutting
- Grinding
- Soldering with Torch
- Hot Riveting
- OSHA 1910.251 257









(Standards for welding, cutting, and brazing)

ANY spark-producing operations

OSHA 1910.252: General requirements

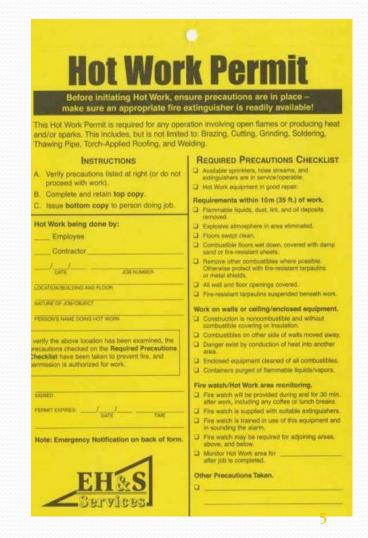
For Hot Work Operations, OSHA requires:

- Fire hazards be removed
- Combustibles be at least 35 feet from Hot Work
- Fire extinguishers at Hot Work Location
- Fire watch in areas with a high risk for fire
- Proper authorization from authorized (UCM) employee to complete Hot Work

What is a Hot Work Permit?

Gives information on:

- Type of hot work
- Location of hot work job site
- Expiration of permit
- Required precautions checklist
- Emergency contact information



Why use a Hot Work Permit?

Reminds worker of safety precautions

Warns others of the work being done

 UCM requirement for all <u>employees</u>, <u>students</u>, and <u>contractors</u> doing hot work on UCM property

Before Hot Work

- FPO representative who issues the Hot Work Permit must call or stop by Public Safety (ext. 4123) prior to work being done to inform them of work
- Create list of emergency phone numbers
- Remove or cover combustibles within 35 feet of area
- Locate closest fire extinguisher (is it within 25 feet?)
- Provide fire extinguisher if needed
- Locate closest fire pull station
- Locate at least 2 routes of escape



Issuing Hot Work Permit

- Contact UCM Facilities (FPO) at ext. 4331. Inform them of Hot Work to be done. Provide specific information:
 - Work being completed
 - Location be specific building, room #, etc.
 - Date and length of time
 - FPO Life Safety may be able to cover the smoke detector or they may have to disabled they system in the specific area depending on work being completed and duration

Issuing Hot Work Permit (cont'd)

- FPO representative who issues the Hot Work Permit must call Public Safety Dispatch (ext. 4123) prior to work being done to inform them of work
- Public Safety Dispatch will immediately send an email with details of Hot Work to be done to UCM EHS and Warrensburg Fire Department
- When work is completed, FPO representative will complete Hot Work Permit and give copy to Public Safety Dispatch
- Public Safety Dispatch will scan and electronically save completed Hot Work Permit



What are combustibles?

- Cardboard
- Paper
- Chemicals
- Trash
- Building Material









Risks

Burns

Fire

Explosions

Metal Fever









How to Reduce Potential Risks

- Keep fire extinguishers within <u>25 feet</u> of hot work
- Remove combustibles within <u>35 feet</u> of hot work
- Cover non-removable combustibles with fire blanket <u>or</u> OSHA approved welding screen
- Wear proper PPE
- Have Fire Watch





Classifications of Fires

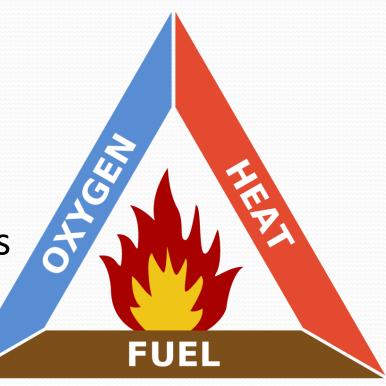
Class A: Combustibles

 Class B: Flammable Liquids and Gas

Class C: Electrical

Class D: Combustible Metals

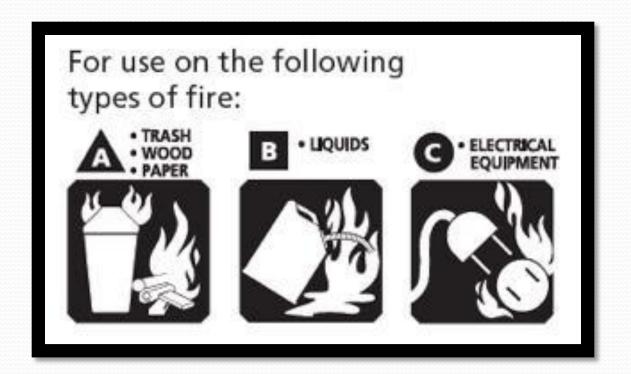
Class K: Cooking Oils and Fats



Fire Triangle

Fire Extinguisher

- UCM uses "ABC" extinguishers and "K" extinguishers
- Effective on Class A, B, and C fires and Class K fires



Technique for Fire Extinguisher Use

- Pull
- Aim
- Squeeze



Sweep (base of the fire at least 10 ft away)

In Case of Fire

- Keep escape route to your back
- Always have options for escape routes
- Call
 - UCM Public Safety
 - 911 (campus phone)
 - (660) 543 4123



Ventilation

- Beware of galvanized stainless steel
- If possible:
 - Keep the air moving
 - Open doors/windows
 - Use exhaust fan
- Use a respirator if ventilation is not possible
 - Why is this not an option the majority of the time?



Hot Work PPE

 Welding Helmet or Face Shield





Leather Boots









What NOT to Wear

No cuffs on pants

No polyester

No poly-blend material

No frayed jeans



What is a Hot Watch?

Person(s) that . . .

- Have clear view of operation
- Remains in communication with workers
- Stops work if necessary
- Never leaves area while work is being completed
- Pulls fire alarm if necessary
- Uses extinguisher if necessary
- Stays in place at least 30 minutes past the completions of work



What's wrong with this picture?



What's wrong with this picture?



What's wrong with this picture?



Summary

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