Paramedic Emergency Care

Questions and Answers

From Bradys Paramedic Emergency Care 3rd Edition

Emergency Management of the Neonate

1. Which is NOT true in regards to the premature neonate's susceptibility to heat loss?
p. 1001

*A.) They have a relatively small surface area and comparatively small body weight
B.) They have inadequate subcutaneous stores of insulating fat
C.) They cannot shiver and must use other warming mechanisms
D.) They have not sufficiently developed the needed control mechanisms to regulate body temperature

2. How many chest compressions per minute should be performed on a neonate?
p. 1009

*A.) 120
B.) 180
C.) 160
D.) 140

3. How much of the lung fluid is removed in the vaginal delivery via chest compressions?
p. 997

A.) 2/3
*B.) 1/3
C.) 1/4
D.) 1/2

4. Which is one of the most common problems in the period immediately following the birth of the premature neonate?
p. 1001

A.) Cardiac
B.) Musculature
C.) Reflexive
*D.) Airway

5. How should supplemental oxygen initially be administered to a neonate in distress?
p. 1007

A.) Positive pressure
B.) Bag-valve mask
*C.) Blow across the face
D.) Endotracheal intubation

6. How long should suctioning last maximum in a distressed neonate?
p. 1005

*A.) 10 seconds
B.) 40 seconds
C.) 20 seconds
D.) 30 seconds

7. What is the first step in caring for the neonate?
p. 998

*A.) Airway management
B.) Prevention of heat loss
C.) Cutting the umbilical cord
D.) Assessment of the neonate

8. Which item is NOT involved in the first step of resuscitating the neonate?
p. 1003

*A.) Oxygen
B.) Suction
C.) Warming
D.) Drying

9. What is a baby who is less than one month in age?
p. 996

A.) Premature
B.) Infant
C.) Toddler
*D.) Neonate

10. How long after birth should the umbilical cord clamps be placed?
p. 999

A.) 60-75 seconds
B.) 45-60 seconds
C.) 15-30 seconds
*D.) 30-45 seconds

11. What does the first A in APGAR stand for?
p. 1000

A.) Agitation
B.) Apathy
*C.) Appearance
D.) Articulation

12. What is the ideal location for administering medications to the neonate?
p. 1009

A.) Intraosseous
*B.) Umbilical vein
C.) IV line
D.) Endotracheal tube