Medical/Legal and Ethical Issues

From Bradys' Emergency Care 10th Edition

1. Which type of consent is given when the parent of a minor is not present?

A.) Informed
B.) Implied
C.) Expressed
D.) Example

2. Which situation is the responder NOT generally required to notify police about when it occurs?

A.) Sexual assault
B.) Domestic violence
C.) Need for using restraints
D.) Slip and fall accident

3. What is a person named to make medical decisions on behalf of another person in case they are not able?

A.) Power of attorney
B.) Director
C.) Estate planner
D.) Proxy

4. What is used to release the ambulance squad from legal liability when a patient refuses care?

A.) Legal form
B.) Refusing form
C.) Release form
D.) Liability form

5. How is confidential patient information legally requested?

A.) By telephone
B.) Written
C.) Implied
D.) In person

6. What are a series of laws designed to provided limited legal protection for citizens when they administer emergency care?

A.) Right-of-way Laws
B.) Eager Beaver Laws
C.) Emergency Care Laws
D.) Good Samaritan Laws

7. Who should be called to stay with the patient who refuses treatment and transport?

A.) Close neighbor
B.) Family doctor
C.) Medical director
D.) Rookie EMT-B

8. Which is considered a common source of lawsuits filed against EMT's?

A.) Low level of care
B.) Unprofessional behavior
C.) Ambulance collisions
D.) Aggressive driving

9. What should be done if you have to move furniture to treat a patient at a crime scene?

A.) Remove it from the area
B.) Tell no one that it has been moved
C.) Put it back as well as possible
D.) Notify the police of the action

10. What document is used by terminally ill patients who do not wish his life prolonged with resuscitative efforts?

A.) Delayed directive
B.) Advance directive
C.) Preliminary directive
D.) Terminal directive

11. Which action should NOT be taken when trying to convince a patient to accept treatment?

A.) Explain the consequences of refusing treatment
B.) Forcible move them into the ambulance
C.) Consult medical direction
D.) Call law enforcement personnel

12. What is the constructive criticism called that is performed after a call?

A.) Quality changes
B.) Quality improvement
C.) Quality review
D.) Quality critique

13. When dealing with the issue of abandonment, what must NOT be done?

A.) Leave before the patient's care has been transferred
B.) Stay with the patient until he is admitted to the hospital
C.) Leave once the patient's care has been transferred
D.) Stay with the patient until arriving at the hospital

14. What are a set of regulations that define the scope of the EMT-B's job?

A.) Scope of criteria
B.) Scope of performance
C.) Scope of practice
D.) Scope of critique

15. Which is a federal law that protects the privacy of patient-specific health care information and provides the patient with control over how this information is used?

A.) FICCA
B.) HIPPA
C.) UHOPA
D.) NIOSH

16. Which is NOT considered a piece of evidence that should be preserved at the crime scene?

A.) Condition of the scene
B.) Microscopic evidence
C.) Fingerprints
D.) Location of bystanders